FIRST ENERGY BANK B.S.C. (c)

30 JUNE 2018 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Commercial registration : 69089 (registered with Central Bank of Bahrain

as a wholesale Islamic bank)

Registered Office : Bahrain Financial Harbour, West Tower, 20th Floor

P.O. Box 209, Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain

Telephone +973 17170000

Directors : Khaleefa Bin Butti Bin Omair, *Chairman*

Dr. Faisel Ahmed Gergab, Vice-Chairman

Matar Mohamed Al Blooshi Dr. Ali Mahmoud Hassen

Mohamed Salim Omair Al Shamsi

Ammar Ali Mohamed Jaber Abdulla Abdulkarim Showaiter

Adel A. Aziz Al Jabr

Abdulla Al Yousef Al Suwaidi

Chief Executive Officer : Mohamed Shukri Ghanem

Auditors : KPMG Fakhro, Bahrain

First Energy Bank B.S.C. (c)

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months period ended 30 June 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON REVIEW OF CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To The Board of Directors First Energy Bank B.S.C. (c) Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain

13 August 2018

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying 30 June 2018 condensed consolidated interim financial information of First Energy Bank B.S.C. (c) (the "Bank") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group"), which comprises:

- the condensed consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018;
- the condensed consolidated income statement for the three-month and six-month periods ended 30 June 2018;
- the condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity for the six-month period ended 30 June 2018;
- the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the six-month period ended 30 June 2018;
- the condensed consolidated statement of sources and uses of zakah and charity fund for the six-month period ended 30 June 2018; and
- notes to the condensed consolidated interim financial information.

The Board of Directors of the Bank is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed consolidated interim financial information in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation for Islamic Financial Institutions. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed consolidated interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of condensed consolidated interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Auditing Standards for Islamic Financial Institutions and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying 30 June 2018 condensed consolidated interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Financial Accounting Standards issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation for Islamic Financial Institutions.

KPMG

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITIONAs at 30 June 2018

USD 000's

ASSETS Cash and bank balances Placements with financial institutions	Note 7	30 June 2018 (reviewed) 8,343 106,231	31 December 2017 (audited) 12,100 84,953
Financing assets	8	129,330	131,482
ljarah assets	9	76,900	78,700
Investment securities	10	396,118	407,569
Equity accounted investees	11	43,812	44,240
Other assets	12	41,526	36,406
Property and equipment		11,947	11,842
Assets held for sale	13	119,645	119,645
Total assets		933,852	926,937
Liabilities and equity			
LIABILITIES Placements from financial institutions Bank financing Liabilities directly associated with the assets held for sale	14 13	80,879 124,834 442	79,401 127,037
Other liabilities		19,924	20,498
Total liabilities		226,079	226,936
EQUITY			
Share capital Treasury shares Statutory reserve Investments fair value reserve Foreign exchange translation reserve Accumulated losses		1,000,000 (7,261) 11,808 3,692 (2,171) (345,468)	1,000,000 (7,261) 11,808 5,664 (2,171) (355,202)
Total equity attributable to shareholders of the parent		660,600	652,838
Non-controlling interests		47,173	47,163
TOTAL EQUITY		707,773	700,001
Total liabilities and equity		933,852	926,937

The Board of Directors approved the condensed consolidated interim financial information consisting of pages 2 to 23 on 12 August 2018 and signed on its behalf by.

Khaleefa Bin Butti Bin Omair Chairman

Abdulla Al Yousef Al Suwaidi Board Member Mohamed Ghanem Chief Executive Officer

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTFor the six months ended 30 June 2018

USD 000's

	Note	Six months ended		Three mon	ths ended
		30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
		2018	2017	2018	2017
		(reviewed)	(reviewed)	(reviewed)	(reviewed)
INCOME		4= 05:		2.205	
Income from investment securities	15	15,231	10,952	3,395	3,787
Income from financing and placements with financial institutions	•	6,162	6,577	3,191	2,973
Gain on disposal of equity accounted		0,102	0,577	3,191	2,973
investee	11	-	4,157	-	4,157
Share of results of equity accounted					·
investees		(189)	(640)	200	(646)
Net income from Ijarah assets	16	1,321	(3,976)	649	(1,255)
Other income		3,300	1,367	3,012	30
Total income			40.40=		2 2 4 2
EVENUES		25,825	18,437	10,447	9,046
EXPENSES		0.400	4 400	2.447	0.007
Staff cost		6,498	4,483	3,447 1,029	2,227
Finance cost		1,950	1,315	1,029	476 104
Depreciation and amortization Expenses related to assets held for		272	231	130	104
sale		1,741	_	805	_
Other operating expenses		4,408	4,796	2,410	2,721
Caron operating experience		1,100	.,. 00	2,110	2,72.
Total expenses		14,869	10,825	7,821	5,528
Drafit hafara impairment					
Profit before impairment allowance		10,956	7,612	2,626	3,518
anowance		10,330	7,012	2,020	3,310
Net impairment losses	3 (c)	(954)	-	(954)	-
PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		40.000		4.070	
		10,002	7,612	1,672	3,518
Attributable to:					
Shareholders of the parent		9,984	7,517	1,663	3,503
Non-controlling interests		18	95	9	15
		10,002	7,612	1,672	3,518
		,	.,	-,	0,0.0

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 USD 000's

	Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent								
30 June 2018 (reviewed)	Share capital	Treasury shares	Statutory reserve	Investments fair value reserve	Foreign exchange translation reserve	Accumulated losses	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at 1 January 2018	1,000,000	(7,261)	11,808	5,664	(2,171)	(355,202)	652,838	47,163	700,001
Changes in fair value of investments at fair value through equity Transfer to income statement	-	-	-	548	-	-	548	-	548
on disposal of investments Profit for the period	-	-	-	(2,520)	-	- 9,984	(2,520) 9,984	- 18	(2,520) 10,002
Total recognised income and expense for the period	-	-	-	(1,972)		9,984	8,012	18	8,030
Transfer to zakah and charity fund Dividends of subsidiary	-	- -	- -	- -	- -	(250)	(250)	(8)	(250) (8)
Balance at 30 June 2018	1,000,000	(7,261)	11,808	3,692	(2,171)	345,468	660,600	47,173	707,773

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the six months ended 30 June 2018 (continued)

USD 000's

	Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent								
30 June 2017 (reviewed)	Share capital	Treasury shares	Statutory reserve	Investments fair value reserve	Foreign exchange translation reserve	Accumulated losses	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at 1 January 2017	1,000,000	(7,261)	9,802	4,715	(5,640)	(367,594)	634,022	41,484	675,506
Changes in fair value of investments at fair value through equity Effects of exchange rate difference on equity accounted	-	-	-	(4,263)	-	-	(4,263)	-	(4,263)
investees Change in ownership interest	-	-	-	-	3,469	-	3,469	-	3,469
in subsidiary Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(5,558) 7,517	(5,558) 7,517	5,558 95	- 7,612
Total recognised income and expense for the period	•	-	-	(4,263)	3,469	1,959	1,165	5,653	6,818
Issuance of share capital in a subsidiary Transfer to zakah and charity	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	62	62
fund Dividends of subsidiary	-	- -	-	-	- -	(100) -	(100)	- (20)	(100) (20)
Balance at 30 June 2017	1,000,000	(7,261)	9,802	452	(2,171)	(365,735)	635,087	47,179	682,266

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWSFor the six months ended 30 June 2018

USD 000's

	Note	Six months ended 30 June 2018 (reviewed)	Six months ended 30 June 2017 (reviewed)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(Teviewed)	(Teviewed)
Net profit for the period		10,002	7,612
Adjustments for:			, -
Depreciation on Ijarah assets	9	1,800	4,317
Depreciation and amortisation	J	272	231
Amortization of discount		(699)	(19)
Net impairment losses		954	-
Share of results of equity accounted investees		189	640
Gain on disposal of investment securities and equity			
accounted investees		(6,396)	(7,818)
Operating profit before changes in operating asset liabilities	s and	6,122	4,963
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities:		0,122	4,303
Financing assets		1,565	49,632
Other assets		(5,251)	(3,305)
Placements from financial institutions		1,478	(94,653)
Other liabilities		(236)	(5,176)
Payment to charities		(146)	(100)
1 dymone to originate		(140)	(100)
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activi	ties	3,532	(48,639)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(444.0==)	(222.222)
Purchase of investment securities		(111,857)	(229,083)
Proceeds from disposal / maturity of investment securit	ies	128,561	274,252
Proceeds from disposal of joint venture Purchase of property and equipment and intangible ass	oto	(445)	15,245 (1,168)
	9612		
Net cash generated from investing activities		16,259	59,246
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Issuance of share capital in a subsidiary		-	62
Dividend paid to non-controlling interest		(8)	(20)
Repayment of bank financing		(42,203)	(109,154)
Proceeds from bank financing		40,000	-
Net cash used in financing activities		(2,211)	(109,112)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivale	nts	17,580	(98,505)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		97,053	147,199
Effect of net impairment losses on placements with			
financial institutions		(59)	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		114,574	48,694
Cash and bank balances		8,343	7,788
Placements with financial institutions with original matu	rity	-,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
of 90 days or less		106,231	40,906
		114,574	48,694
The condensed concelled to distorism financial information			

The condensed consolidated interim financial information consists of pages 2 to 23.

USD 000's

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF SOURCES AND USES OF ZAKAH AND CHARITY FUND

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

	Six months ended 30 June 2018	Six months ended 30 June 2017
	(reviewed)	(reviewed)
Sources of zakah and charity funds Undistributed charity and zakah funds at the beginning of		
the period	23	104
Contributions by the Bank	250	100
Total sources of zakah and charity funds during the		
period	273	204
Uses of zakah and charity fund		
Contributions for charitable purposes	(146)	(100)
Total uses of funds during the period	(146)	(100)
Undistributed zakah and charity fund at end of the period	127	104
harran.		101

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2018

USD 000's

1 REPORTING ENTITY

First Energy Bank BSC (c) (the "Bank") is a closed shareholding company incorporated in the Kingdom of Bahrain on 23 June 2008, under Commercial Registration No. 69089. The Bank operates under an Islamic wholesale banking license issued by the Central Bank of Bahrain (the "CBB"). The Bank's registered office is at Building 1459, Road 4626, Block 346, Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain.

The principal activities of the Bank and its subsidiaries (the "Group") include Shari'a compliant investment advisory services, participation in project development, joint ventures, mergers and acquisitions and the purchase of assets and asset portfolios primarily related to the energy sector. The Bank's activities are regulated by the CBB and supervised by a Shari'a Supervisory Board to ensure adherence to Shari'a rules and principles in its transactions and activities.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION

(i) The condensed consolidated interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with Financial Accounting Standards ('FAS') issued by the Accounting and Auditing Organisation for Islamic Financial Institutions (AAOIFI) and the applicable provisions of Central Bank of Bahrain Regulations. In line with the requirement of AAOIFI and the CBB Rule Book, for matters that are not covered by AAOIFI standards, the Group uses guidance from the relevant International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Accordingly, the condensed consolidated interim financial information has been presented in condensed form in accordance with the guidance provided by International Accounting Standard 34 - 'Interim Financial Reporting'. This condensed consolidated interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the 2017 annual consolidated financial statements of the Group, except for the effects of adoption of FAS 30 as described in note 3 to this condensed consolidated interim financial information.

This condensed consolidated interim financial information does not contain all information and disclosures required for full consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with FAS. In addition, results for the six months period ended 30 June 2018 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2018.

The condensed consolidated interim financial information is reviewed, not audited. The comparatives for the condensed consolidated statement of financial position have been extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2017 and comparatives for the condensed consolidated statements of income, changes in equity, cash flows and sources and uses of zakah and charity fund have been extracted from the reviewed condensed consolidated interim financial information of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2017.

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and methods of computation applied by the Group in the preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial information are the same as those used in the preparation of the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017, except as stated below:

The following standards and amendments to standards have been applied by the Group in preparation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements. The adoption of the below standards and amendments to standards did not result in changes to previously reported net profit or equity of the Group, except for the changes mentioned on adoption of FAS 30, but they may result in additional disclosures at year end:

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

USD 000's

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

ADOPTION OF FAS 30 - IMPAIRMENT, CREDIT LOSSES AND ONEROUS COMMITMENTS

The Group has adopted FAS 30 as mandated by the CBB on 1 January 2018, which resulted in changes in accounting policies and adjustments to the amounts previously recognised in the consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2017.

As permitted by the transitional provisions of FAS 30, the Group elected not to restate comparative figures. Any adjustments to the carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities at the date of transition were recognised in the opening retained earnings and the opening balance of fair value reserve and non controlling interest of the current period.

The adoption of FAS 30 has resulted in changes in the accounting policies for the impairment and credit losses on various Islamic financing, debt investment and certain other assets of Islamic financial institutions (the institutions), and provisions against onerous commitments.

Set out below are the FAS 30 transition impact disclosures for the Group. Further details of the specific FAS 30 accounting policies applied in the current period are described in more detail in note 3(d).

(a) Impact of adopting FAS 30

The impact from the adoption of FAS 30 as at 1 January 2018 did not result in any change in retained earnings, fair value reserve, and non-controlling interests.

(b) Expected credit loss / Impairment allowances

The following table reconciles the closing impairment allowance for financial assets in accordance with FAS 11 "Provisions and Reserves and parts of FAS 25 Investment in Sukuk, shares and similar instruments" as at 31 December 2017 to the opening ECL allowance determined in accordance with FAS 30 as at 1 January 2018.

	31 December 2017 USD'000	Re- measurement USD'000	1 January 2018 USD'000
Placements with financial institutions	-	13	13
Financing assets	30,011	1,417	31,428
Investment securities (Debt)	2,496	(1,673)	823
Other assets	-	243	243
	32,507	-	32,507

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2018

USD 000's

622,295

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

	,			
(c) Movement in ECL	Stage 1 USD'000	Stage 2 USD'000	Stage 3 USD'000	Total USD'000
Exposure subject to ECL	002 000	005 000	002 000	002 000
30 June				
- Financing assets	129,917	_	28,954	158,871
Investment debt securities Placements with financial	267,200	89,180	-	356,380
institutions	106,290	_	_	106,290
- Other assets	33,158	_	_	33,158
Other deserts	536,565	89,180	28,954	654,699
Opening Balance ECL (Day 1	000,000	03,100	20,004	004,000
impact) - as at 1 January 2018				
- Financing assets	1,417		30,011	31,428
Investment debt securitiesPlacements with financial	746	77	-	823
institutions	13	-	-	13
- Other assets	243	-	-	243
	2,419	77	30,011	32,507
Net transfer between stages				
 Financing assets 	-	-	(1,057)	(1,057)
Investment debt securitiesPlacements with financial	-	-	-	-
institutions	-	-	-	-
- Other assets	-	-	-	-
	-	-	(1,057)	(1,057)
Charge for the Period (net)				
- Financing assets	(830)	-	-	(830)
Investment debt securitiesPlacements with financial	792	990	-	1,782
institutions	46	-	-	46
- Other assets	(44)	-	-	(44)
	(36)	990	-	954
Closing Balance - as at 30 June 2018				
- Financing assets	587	-	28,954	29,541
- Investment debt securities - Placements with financial	1,538	1,067	,	2,605
institutions	59	_	-	59
- Other assets	199	_	-	199

(d) Changes in Accounting Policies and Significant Estimates and Judgements

Key changes to the Group's accounting policies

The key changes to the Group's accounting policies resulting from the adoption of FAS 30 are summarised below. Since the comparative financial information has not been restated, the accounting policies in respect of the financial instruments for comparative periods are based on FAS 11 and FAS 25 as disclosed in the Group's audited consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended 31 December 2017.

534,182

88,113

Impairment of financial assets

FAS 30 will replace FAS 11 "Provisions and Reserves and parts of FAS 25 Investment in Sukuk, shares and similar instruments" that deals with impairment. The objective of this standard is to establish the principles of accounting and financial reporting for the impairment and credit losses on various Islamic financing, debt investment and certain other assets of Islamic financial institutions (the institutions), and provisions against onerous commitments.

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

USD 000's

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Key changes in the Group's accounting policy for impairment of financial assets are listed below:

The Group applies a three-stage approach to measuring expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets carried at amortised cost and debt instruments classified as FVOCI. Assets migrate through the following three stages based on the change in credit quality since initial recognition.

Stage 1: 12 months ECL

Stage 1 includes financial assets on initial recognition and that do not have a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or that have low credit risk (i. Local sovereign that carry (zero) credit weight in accordance with capital adequacy instructions of the CBB ii. High quality externally rated debt instruments. iii. Other financial assets which the group may classify as such after obtaining CBB's no objection) at the reporting date. For these assets, 12-month ECL are recognised and interest is calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset (that is, without deduction for credit allowance). 12-month ECL is the expected credit losses that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. It is not the expected cash shortfalls over the 12-month period but the entire credit loss on an asset weighted by the probability that the loss will occur in the next 12-months.

Stage 2: Lifetime ECL - not credit impaired

Stage 2 includes financial assets that have had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that do not have objective evidence of impairment. For these assets, lifetime ECL are recognised, but interest is still calculated on the gross carrying amount of the asset. Lifetime ECL are the expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial instrument.

Expected credit losses are the weighted average credit losses with the life-time probability of default ('PD') as the weight.

Stage 3: Lifetime ECL - credit impaired

Stage 3 includes financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date in accordance with the indicators specified in the CBB's instructions. For these assets, lifetime ECL is recognised and treated with the interests calculated on them, according to CBB's instructions.

Key changes to the Significant Estimates and Judgements

Impairment of financial instruments

Assessment of whether credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and incorporation of forward-looking information in the measurement of ECL.

Inputs, assumptions and techniques used for estimating impairment

Significant increase in credit risk

When determining whether the risk of default on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and expert credit assessment and including forward-looking information.

In determining whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition following criteria's are considered:

- I. Two notches down for rating from X to Y or one notch down for ratings from Y to Z
- II. Facilities restructured during previous twelve months
- III. Facilities overdue by 30 days as at the reporting date

For the six months ended 30 June 2018

USD 000's

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Credit risk grades

Credit risk grades are defined using qualitative and quantitative factors that are indicative of risk of default. These factors vary depending on the nature of the exposure and the type of borrower. Exposures are subject to ongoing monitoring, which may result in an exposure being moved to a moved to a different credit risk grade.

Generating the term structure of Probability of Default (PD)

The Group employs statistical models to analyse the data collected and generate estimates of PD of exposures and how these are expected to change as a result of the passage of time. This analysis includes the identification and calibration of relationships between changes in default rates and changes in key macroeconomic factors, across various geographies in which the Bank has taken exposures.

(e) Changes to Groups financial risk management objectives and policies

i) Credit Risk Measurement

The estimation of credit exposure for risk management purposes is complex and requires the use of models, as the exposure varies with changes in market conditions, expected cash flows and the passage of time. The assessment of credit risk of a portfolio of assets entails further estimations as to the likelihood of defaults occurring, of the associated loss ratios and of default correlations between counterparties. The Group measures credit risk using Probability of Default (PD), Exposure at Default (EAD) and Loss Given Default (LGD). This is similar to the approach used for the purposes of measuring Expected Credit Loss (ECL) under FAS 30 as detailed in note 3d.

ii) Credit risk grading

The Group uses internal credit risk gradings that reflect its assessment of the probability of default of individual counterparties. The Group uses internal rating models tailored to the various categories of counterparty. The credit grades are calibrated such that the risk of default increases exponentially at each higher risk grade.

iii)Credit quality assessments

Pursuant to the adoption of FAS 30, the Bank has mapped its internal credit rating scale to Moody's (or any other external rating) rating scale, the table below provides an analysis of counterparties by rating grades and credit quality of the Bank's credit risk, based on Moody's ratings (or their equivalent) as at 30 June 2018.

Rating grade	Financing assets	Investment debt securities	Placements with financial institutions	Other assets
AAA to AA-	-	-	15,008	-
A+ to A-	-	45,087	-	-
BBB to BBB-	-	90,499	9,003	-
BB+ to B-	-	55,557	42,497	-
Unrated	129,330	162,632	39,723	32,959
Total	129,330	353,775	106,231	32,959

3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.1 Basis of consolidation

The condensed consolidated interim financial information includes the results of the Bank and its subsidiaries after elimination of inter group transactions and balances.

The following are the Group's significant subsidiaries as at 30 June 2018:

Name of subsidiary	Equity interest		Nature of business
North Africa Investment Company, Kingdom of Bahrain	2018 100%	2017 100%	To hold the Group's 40% associate stake in Arab Drilling and Workover Company, Libya.
First Energy Oman, Cayman Islands	100%	100%	To hold 15% stake in Al Izz Islamic Bank in Oman.
FEB-Novus Aircraft Holding Company, Bahamas	98.50%	98.50%	To purchase and lease one A330-300 aircraft to Malaysia Airlines.
MENAdrill Investment Company, Cayman Islands	99.99%	99.99%	Development and lease of oil rigs
Al Dur Energy Investment Company, Cayman Islands	59%	59%	To hold 15% indirect interest in a power and water plant project in the Kingdom of Bahrain.
FEB Aqar S.P.C., Kingdom of Bahrain	100%	100%	Real estate activities to own or lease property.
FEB Capital Limited, United Arab Emirates	100%	100%	Financial institution

4 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the Group's audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2017 except for the impacts of adoption of FAS 30 as set out in note 3e, which may result in additional disclosures at year end.

5 JUDGMENT AND ESTIMATES

Preparation of condensed consolidated interim financial information requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were same as applied to the audited consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2017, except for the effects of adoption of FAS 30 as described in note 3 to this condensed consolidated interim financial information.

6 SEASONALITY

Due to nature of the Bank's business, the six months' results reported in this condensed consolidated interim financial information may not represent a proportionate share of the overall annual results.

7 PLACEMENTS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	30 June 2018	31 December 2017
	(reviewed)	(audited)
Commodity murabaha contracts	34,758	24,920
Wakala contracts	71,554	60,041
Total gross murabaha and wakala contracts Less: Deferred profits on murabaha contracts	106,312 (22)	84,961 (8)
Less: Net impairment losses on Placements with	106,290	84,953
financial institutions *	(59)	-
	106,231	84,953

The original maturity of commodity murabaha and wakala contracts are 90 days or less.

8 FINANCING ASSETS

	30 June 2018 (reviewed)	31 December 2017 (audited)
Gross commodity murabaha	141,889	144,568
Less: Deferred profits	(10,609)	(14,088)
Specific impairment allowance	(28,954)	(30,011)
	102,326	100,469
ljarah financing	27,591	31,013
Less: Net impairment losses on financing assets *	(587)	
	129,330	131,482

^{*} For stage wise exposure and allowance for impairment refer note 3 (c).

^{*} For stage wise exposure and allowance for impairment refer note 3 (c).

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION For the six months ended 30 June 2018

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9 IJARAH ASSETS

	Aircraft
Cost:	
At 1 January 2018	100,000
At 30 June 2018	100,000
Depreciation:	
At 1 January 2018	21,300
Charge for the period	1,800
At 30 June 2018	23,100
Net book value:	
As at 30 June 2018 (reviewed)	76,900
As at 31 December 2017 (audited)	78,700

The Aircraft is mortgaged against term financing (refer note 14).

10 INVESTMENT SECURITIES

	30 June 2018 (reviewed)	31 December 2017 (audited)
Equity type instruments - at fair value through equity		
- Quoted equity securities (at fair value) (i)	41,348	37,780
- Unquoted equity securities (at cost less impairment)	995	995
	42,343	38,775
Debt type instruments - At amortised cost		
- Quoted Sukuk (ii)	256,838	271,748
Collective impairment allowance	-	(2,496)
	256,838	269,252
- Subordinated financing	99,542	99,542
	356,380	368,794
	398,723	407,569
Less: Net impairment losses on investment securities (iii)	(2,605)	-
Total investment securities	396,118	407,569

- (i) During the period, the Group sold quoted equity securities of carrying value of USD 16.9 million resulting in gain of USD 5.5 million (note 15), and purchased equity securities of USD 19.9 million.
- (ii) Quoted Sukuk of USD 134 million (31 December 2017: USD 147 million) are pledged against general bank financing of USD 80 million (refer note 14).
- (iii) For stage wise exposure and allowance for impairment refer note 3 (c).

USD 000's

11 EQUITY ACCOUNTED INVESTEES

Associates
Impairment allowance

30 June	31 December
2018	2017
(reviewed)	(audited)
113,497	113,925
(69,685)	(69,685)
43,812	44,240

Movement on the equity accounted investees during the period:

At beginning of the period
Disposals during the period (v)
Share of results of equity accounted investees, net
Foreign exchange translation differences
Intercompany finance expense

30 June 2018	31 December 2017
(reviewed)	(audited)
44,240	54,944
-	(10,627)
(189)	(3,129)
-	3,469
(239)	(417)
43,812	44,240

Balance at the end of the period

Intra-group gains on transactions between the Group and its equity accounted associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investees.

Equity accounted investees comprise the following:

Name	Country of incorporation	% holding	Nature of business
Associates:			
Arab Drilling and Workover Company (i)	Libya	40%	Lease of oil drilling rigs
Al Izz Islamic Bank (ii)	Oman	15.18%	Islamic retail banking
Adcan Pharma LLC (Adcan) (iii) Medisal for Pharmaceuticals Industry	United Arab Emirates United Arab	40%	Pharmaceutical
LLC (Medisal) (iv)	Emirates	45%	Pharmaceutical

- (i) Due to the political situation in Libya, the investments have been fully provided for.
- (ii) The information for 2018 presented in the table includes the results of Al Izz Islamic Bank based on management accounts for the period from 1 October 2017 to 31 March 2018.
- (iii) This associate company is in the start-up phase. The information for 2018 presented in the table includes the results of Adcan based on management accounts for the period from 1 October 2017 to 31 March 2018.
- (iv) The information for 2018 presented in the table includes the results of Medisal based on management accounts for the period from 1 October 2017 to 31 March 2018.

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11 EQUITY ACCOUNTED INVESTEES (continued)

(v) In 2017, the Bank sold its 60% stake in the joint venture to Borealis resulting in a gain on disposal of USD 4.2 million.

12 OTHER ASSETS

	30 June 2018 (reviewed)	31 December 2017 (audited)
Receivable from investee *	11,979	12,024
ljarah rental receivable	21,179	17,767
Prepayments and advances	3,282	3,656
Advances towards purchase of investment	2,500	-
Intangible assets	169	122
Others	2,616	2,837
Less: Net impairment losses on Other assets (note 3c) **	41,725 (199)	36,406
	41,526	36,406

^{*} Receivable from investee represents an amount advanced to Al Dur Power and Water Company, an investee of the Group, to meet liability reserve account (LRA) funding requirement under a common term agreement, whereby the shareholders are required to fund such account for the purpose of meeting the repayment of senior debt obligations of the investee. This includes LRA fee accrual as of 30 June 2018.

13 ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

In October 2017, the Board committed to a plan to sell its oil rigs. Accordingly, the oil rigs are presented as an assets held for sale. Efforts to sell the asset have started and a sale is expected by September 2018.

A. Impairment losses relating to the assets held for sale

No impairment losses were recognized as the carrying amount of the oil rigs is lower than their fair value less costs to sell.

B. Assets and liabilities of assets held for sale

At 30 June 2018, the assets held for sale were stated at carrying amount and comprised the following:

	30 June 2018 (reviewed)	31 December 2017 (audited)
Ijarah assets	119,645	119,645
Assets held for sale	119,645	119,645
Accounts payable	442	-
Liabilities held for sale	442	-

^{**} For stage wise exposure and allowance for impairment refer note 3 (c).

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13 ASSETS HELD FOR SALE (continued)

C. Cumulative income or expenses included in equity

There are no cumulative income or expenses included in equity relating to the assets held for sale.

D. Measurement of fair values

i. Fair value hierarchy

The non-recurring fair value measurement for the assets held for sale of USD 160,000 thousand (before costs to sell of USD 1,196 thousand) has been categorized as a level 3 fair value based on the inputs to the valuation technique used.

ii. Valuation technique and significant unobservable inputs

The following table shows the valuation technique used in measuring the fair value of the assets held for sale, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

Valuation technique

In getting the market valuation of the rigs, the following factors were taken into consideration:

- Newbuild prices for similar tonnage
- The current oil price
- The supply/demand dynamic for this type of tonnage
- The orderbook and expected yard deliveries
- The original build cost of the vessel
- The age of the vessel
- The design and specification of the vessels and quality of on-board
- equipment suppliers
- The increase/decrease in value of other similar vessels over time
- Recent sales of similar tonnage
- The current price ideas of buyers and sellers

Significant unobservable units

There have been very few transactions in the market to provide benchmarks for the value of rigs leading to greater uncertainty over values. The external valuer expect prevailing market factors to negatively affect rig values in the short to medium term in light of weaker demand and the expected number of new build units for delivery over the next 2 - 3 years.

14 BANK FINANCING

Financing for Ijarah assets

Term financing *

General financing **

30 June	31 December
2018	2017
(reviewed)	(audited)
43,641	45,920
43,641	45,920
81,193	81,117
124,834	127,037

^{*} Term financing is secured by a mortgage over an aircraft (note 9). Term financing has been obtained by FEB-Novus Fin One Ltd Bahamas, a 100% subsidiary of FEB-Novus Aircraft Holding Company, Bahamas which is a 98.5% subsidiary of the Bank. Term financing is at a floating rate of 1 month Libor plus 3.20% maturing on 23 January 2024.

^{**} This represent financing for general purpose secured by sukuk (note 10).

USD 000's

15 INCOME FROM INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Income from sukuk
Dividend income
Gain on disposal of sukuk
Gain on disposal of quoted equity securities (note 10)

30 June 2018 (reviewed)	30 June 2017 (reviewed)
6,340	5,508
2,495	1,782
942	3,662
5,454	-
15,231	10,952

16 NET INCOME FROM IJARAH ASSETS

Rental income
Finance cost
Depreciation on Ijarah assets
Other operating expenses

30 June	30 June
2018	2017
(reviewed)	(reviewed)
4,532	5,393
(1,119)	(1,449)
(1,800)	(4,317)
(292)	(3,603)
1,321	(3,976)

Other operating expenses relating to Ijarah assets comprise the following:

Professional and consultancy fee Miscellaneous expenses Repairs and maintenance - rigs Insurance - rigs

30 June 2018 (reviewed)	
193	
99	
-	
-	
292	

30 June 2017 (reviewed)
338
371
2,640
254
3,603

17 RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

Related parties comprise major shareholders, directors, Shari'a supervisory board, external auditors and executive management of the Group and/or entities over which they exercise control and/or significant influence.

The significant balances with related parties were as follows:

30 June 2018 (reviewed) Assets	Associates	Key management personnel/ Shari'a board members/ external auditors	Significant shareholders/ board members/ entities in which directors are interested	Total
Cash and bank balances	_	_	1,729	1,729
Placements with financial		_	1,729	1,729
institutions	_	_	46,506	46,506
Financing assets	14,661	-	49,811	64,472
Investment securities	-	-	41,348	41,348
Equity accounted investees	43,812	-	-	43,812
Other assets	2,508	-	-	2,508
Liabilities				
Placements from financial				
institutions	-	-	35,306	35,306
Other liabilities	188	1,468	11,288	12,944

31 December 2017 (audited) Associates auditors interested Total Assets - - 98 98 Placements with financial institutions - - 18,509 18,509 Financing assets 14,312 - 50,039 64,351 Equity accounted investees 44,240 - - 44,240 Other assets 7 - - 7 Liabilities Placements from financial institutions - - 34,875 34,875 Other liabilities 309 1,108 11,288 12,705			Key management personnel/ Shari'a board members/ external	shareholders/ board members/ entities in which directors are	
Placements with financial institutions - - 18,509 18,509 18,509 18,509 64,351 64,351 Equity accounted investees 44,240 - - 44,240 - - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - - 7 - - - 34,875 34,875 34,875 34,875 34,875 -	,	Associates	auditors	interested	Total
Financing assets 14,312 - 50,039 64,351 Equity accounted investees 44,240 - - 44,240 Other assets 7 - - 7 Liabilities Placements from financial institutions - - 34,875 34,875		-	-	98	98
Equity accounted investees 44,240 44,240 Other assets 7 - 7 Liabilities Placements from financial institutions 34,875 34,875	institutions	-	-	18,509	18,509
Other assets 7 - 7 Liabilities Placements from financial institutions - 34,875	Financing assets	14,312	-	50,039	64,351
Liabilities Placements from financial institutions 34,875 34,875	Equity accounted investees	44,240	-	-	44,240
Placements from financial institutions 34,875 34,875	Other assets	7	-	-	7
institutions 34,875 34,875					
		-	-	34,875	34,875
	Other liabilities	309	1,108		12,705

Significant

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17 RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS (continued)

The transactions with related parties included in the condensed consolidated statement of income were as follows:

30 June 2018 (reviewed)	Associates	Key management personnel/ Shari'a board members/ external auditors	Significant shareholders/ board members/ entities in which directors are interested	Total
Income Income from investment securities Income from financing and placements with financial	-	-	7,949	7,949
institutions Share of results of equity	351	-	2,002	2,353
accounted investees	(189)	-	-	(189)
Other income	-	-	3,300	3,300
Expenses				
Staff cost	-	2,025	-	2,025
Financing cost on placements from financial institutions	-	-	449	449
Other operating expenses	-	696	-	696
Net impairment losses	110	-	247	357

30 June 2017 (reviewed) Income Income from financing and	Associates	Key management personnel/ Shari'a board members/ external auditors	Significant shareholders/ board members/ entities in which directors are interested	Total
placements with financial institutions	272	-	2,782	3,054
Gain on disposal of equity accounted investee Share of results of equity	4,157	-	-	4,157
accounted investees	(640)	-	-	(640)
Other income	-	-	1,210	1,210
Expenses				
Staff cost Financing cost on	-	1,295	-	1,295
placements from financial institutions	-	-	231	231
Other operating expenses	-	499	-	499

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18 COMMITMENTS

Forward treasury commitments Operating lease commitments Financing commitments

30 June 2018 (reviewed)	31 December 2017 (audited)
2,200 1,655 480	568 939
4,335	1,507

19 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

I. Financial instruments at fair value:

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled between knowledgeable and willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Fair value of quoted securities is derived from quoted market prices in active markets, if available.

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy:

30 June 2018 (reviewed)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Fair value through equity Quoted equity securities	41,348	-	-	41,348
31 December 2017 (audited)	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Fair value through equity Quoted equity securities	37,780	-	-	37,780

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19 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

II. Financial instruments not at fair value:

Set out below is an overview of financial instruments, other than cash and cash equivalents, held by the Group:

30 June 2018 (reviewed)	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial assets:		
Financing assets	129,330	129,330
Investment securities ¹	295,686	284,492
Total	425,016	413,822
Financial liabilities:		
Bank financing	124,834	124,834
Total	124,834	124,834
31 December 2017 (audited)	Carrying	Fair value
	amount	
Financial assets:		
Financing assets	131,482	131,482
Investment securities ¹	307,032	307,149
Total	438,514	438,631
Financial liabilities:		
Bank financing	127,037	127,037
Total	127,037	127,037

¹ Equity type instruments carried at cost less impairment, of USD 995 thousand (31 December 2017: USD 995 thousand) and debt type instruments of USD 99,542 (31 December 2017: USD 99,542) are excluded due to absence of reliable measure of fair value and amortised cost classification, respectively.

The fair values of other financial instruments on the reporting date are not significantly different from their carrying values.